

**Technical Information** 

# **H1 Axial Piston Single Pumps** Size 210/250





# **Revision history**

# Table of revisions

Date	Changed	Rev
July 2017	B option change in MMC.	0503
May 2017	K option change in MMC.	0502
May 2017	NFPE gen. 3 changes.	0501
November 2015	Master Model Code changes.	0401
October 2014	Installation drawings change	0302
September 2014	MDC, CCO, and Swash Angle Sensor options added	0301
Mar 2014	Converted to Danfoss layout - DITA CMS	0201
Aug 2013	First edition	0101



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# **H1 Pump General Specification**

Design	Axial piston pump of cradle swashplate design with variable displacement	
Direction of rotation	Clockwise, Counterclockwise	
Pipe connections	Main pressure ports: ISO split flange boss Remaining ports: SAE straight thread O-ring boss	
Recommended installation position	Pump installation position is discretionary, however the recommended control position is on the top or at the side with the top position preferred.  If the pump is installed with the control at the bottom, flushing flow must be provided through port M14 located on the EDC, FNR and NFPE control.  Vertical input shaft installation is acceptable.  If input shaft is at the top 1 bar case pressure must be maintained during operation.  The housing must always be filled with hydraulic fluid.  Recommended mounting for a multiple pump stack is to arrange the highest power flow towards the input source.  Consult Danfoss for nonconformance to these guidelines.	
Auxiliary cavity pressure	Will be inlet pressure with internal charge pump. For reference see Operating parameters. Will be case pressure with external charge supply. Please verify mating pump shaft seal capability.	

# H1P 210/250 Technical Data

Feature	Size 210	Size 250
Displacement	211.5 cm <sup>3</sup> [12.91 in <sup>3</sup> ]	251.7 cm <sup>3</sup> [15.36 in <sup>3</sup> ]
Flow at rated (continuous) speed	549 l/min [145 US gal/min]	654 l/min [172.8 US gal/min]
Torque at maximum displacement (theoretical)	3.34 N•m/bar [2042 lbf•in/1000 psi]	3.98 N•m/bar [2433 lbf•in/1000 psi]
Mass moment of inertia of rotating components	0.0606 kg·m <sup>2</sup> [0.1039 slug•ft <sup>2</sup> ]	
Mass (dry)	163 kg [359.4 lb] (without charge pump or auxiliary	mounting flange)
Oil volume	7.2 l [1.9 US gal]	
Mounting flange	ISO 3019-1 Flange 177-4 (SAE E)	
Input shaft outer diameter, splines and tapered shafts	ISO 3019-1:  • Outer Ø44 mm – 4 (SAE D, 13 teeth)  • Outer Ø44 mm – 4 (SAE D, 27 teeth)  • Outer Ø57 mm – 4 (SAE E, 17 teeth)	
Auxiliary mounting flange with metric fasteners, Shaft outer diameter and splines	ISO 3019-1:  • Flange 82-2 Outer Ø16 mm – 4 (SAE A, 9 teeth)  • Flange 82-2 Outer Ø19 mm – 4 (SAE A, 11 teeth)  • Flange 101-2 Outer Ø22 mm – 4 (SAE B, 13 teeth)  • Flange 101-2 Outer Ø25 mm – 4 (SAE B-B, 15 teeth)  • Flange 127-4 Outer Ø32 mm – 4 (SAE C, 14 teeth)  • Flange 152-4 Outer Ø44 mm – 4 (SAE D, 13 teeth)  • Flange 177-4 Outer Ø44 mm – 4 (SAE E, 13 teeth)  • Flange 177-4 Outer Ø44 mm – 4 (SAE E, 27 teeth)	
Suction port	Ø38 mm, 350 bar split flange boss per ISO 6162, M12x1.75	
Main port configuration	Ø38 mm, 450 bar Split flange boss per ISO 6162, M16x2	
Case drain ports L2, L4	ISO 11926-1 – 15/ <sub>16</sub> –12 (SAE O-ring boss)	
Other ports	SAE O-ring boss	
Customer interface threads	Metric fasteners	

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# H1P 210/250 Operating Parameters

Feature		Size 210/250
Input speed	Minimum for internal <sup>1)</sup> and external <sup>2)</sup> charge supply.	500 min <sup>-1</sup> (rpm)
	Minimum for full performance for internal charge supply.	1200 min <sup>-1</sup> (rpm)
	Rated	2600 min <sup>-1</sup> (rpm)
	Maximum	2800 min <sup>-1</sup> (rpm)
System pressure	Maximum working	450 bar [ 6528 psi]
	Maximum	480 bar [ 6960 psi]
	Maximum low loop	45 bar [ 650 psi]
	Minimum low loop	10 bar [ 145 psi]
Charge pressure	Minimum	18 bar [ 261 psi]
	Maximum	60 bar [ 870 psi]
Control pressure	Minimum (at corner power for EDC and MDC)	16 bar [ 232 psi]
	Maximum	60 bar [ 870 psi]
Charge pump	Rated	0.7 bar (absolute) [ 9.0 in Hg vacuum]
inlet pressure	Minimum (cold start)	0.2 bar (absolute) [ 24.0 in Hg vacuum]
	Maximum	4.0 bar [ 58.0 psi]
Case pressure	Rated	3.0 bar [ 44.0 psi]
	Maximum	5.0 bar [ 73.0 psi]
Lip seal external max	imum pressure	0.4 bar[ 5.8 psi]

<sup>1)</sup> Performance (displacement and pressure) may be limited due to limited control pressure.

#### **Fluid Specifications**

# Viscosity and Temperature range

Feature		Unit	Data
	Intermittent <sup>1)</sup>	mm²/s [ SUS]	5 [42]
Viscosity	Minimum		7 [49]
Viscosity	Recommended range		12 - 80 [66 - 370]
	Maximum		1600 [7500]
	Minimum <sup>3)</sup> (Cold start)	°C[°F]	-40 [-40]
Temperature	Recommended range		60 – 85 [140 – 185]
range <sup>2)</sup>	Rated	C[ F]	104 [220]
	Maximum Intermittent <sup>1)</sup>		115 [240]

 $<sup>^{1)}</sup>$  Intermittent = Short term t < 1min per incident and not exceeding 2 % of duty cycle based load-life

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Full performance (displacement and pressure) possible at (at minimum charge pressure and control pressure supply.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> At the hottest point, normally case drain port

 $<sup>^{3)}</sup>$  Cold start = Short term t < 3 min, p  $\leq$  50 bar [725 psi], n  $\leq$  1000 min $^{-1}$  (rpm)



Filtration, Cleanliness level and Efficiency  $\beta_x$ -ratio (Recommended Minimum)

Cleanliness per ISO 4406	22/18/13
Efficiency $\beta_x$ (charge pressure filtration)	$\beta_{15-20} = 75 \ (\beta_{10} \ge 10)$
Efficiency $\beta_x$ (suction and return line Filtration)	$\beta_{35-45} = 75 \ (\beta_{10} \ge 2)$
Recommended inlet screen mesh size	100 – 125 μm

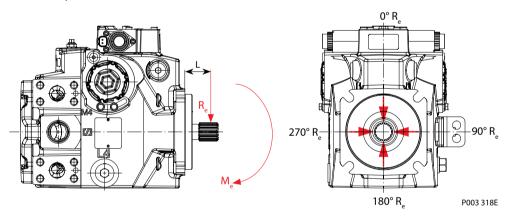
#### **External Radial Shaft Loads**

The pumps are designed with bearings that can accept some external radial loads. The external radial shaft load limits are a function of the load position and orientation, and the operating conditions of the unit. External radial shaft loads impact lifetime. For lifetime calculations please contact your Danfoss representative.

The maximum allowable radial load ( $R_e$ ) is based on the maximum external moment ( $M_e$ ) and the distance (L) from the mounting flange to the load. It may be determined using the following formula:

$$R_e = \frac{M_e}{I}$$

Radial load position



M<sub>e</sub> = shaft moment

L = flange distance

 $\mathbf{R_e}$  = external force to the shaft

Thrust loads should be avoided. Contact your Danfoss representative in the event thrust loads are anticipated.

# H1P 210/250 Bearing Life

Maximum external shaft load based on shaft deflection

External radial moment	Unit	Size 210	Size 250
M <sub>e</sub>	N•m [lbf•in]	150 [1328]	167 [1478]

All external shaft loads affect bearing life. In applications with external shaft loads, minimize the impact by positioning the load at  $0^{\circ}$  or  $180^{\circ}$  as shown in the figure.

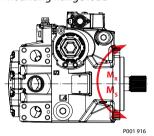
Danfoss recommends clamp-type couplings for applications with radial shaft loads.

Contact your Danfoss representative for an evaluation of unit bearing life if you have continuously applied external loads exceeding 25 % of the maximum allowable radial load ( $R_{\rm e}$ ) or the pump swashplate is positioned on one side of center all or most of the time.



# H1P 210/250 Mounting Flange Loads

Mounting flange load



The moments shown below apply for top or side control orientation:

**Rated moment M**<sub>R</sub> = 6176 N•m [54 662 lbf•in]

**Shock load moment** M<sub>S</sub> = 13 003 N•m [ 115 086 lbf•in]

For more information, see *H1 Axial Piston Pumps, Basic Information*, **BC00000057**, the section "Mounting flange loads".



#### **Charge Pump Selection**

In most applications a general guideline is that the charge pump displacement should be at least 10% of the total displacement of all components in the system. Unusual application conditions may require a more detailed review of charge flow requirements. System features and conditions which may invalidate the 10% guideline include (but are not limited to):

- Continuous operation at low input speeds < 1500 min<sup>-1</sup> (rpm)
- High shock loading and/or long loop lines
- High flushing flow requirements
- · Multiple low speed high torque motors
- · High input shaft speeds

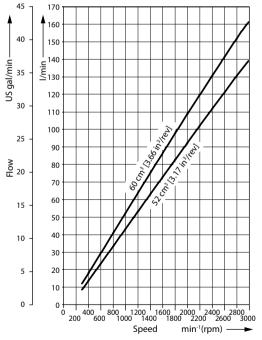
Contact your Danfoss representative for application assistance if your application includes any of these conditions.

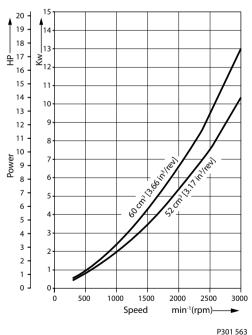
# Charge Pump Curves, Size 52/60 cm<sup>3</sup>

The curves shown below at the following conditions:

Charge pressure	20 bar [290 psi]
Viscosity	11 mm²/s [63 SUS]
Temperature	80 °C [176 °F]

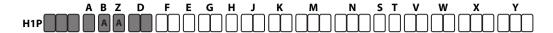
# Charge pump flow and power requirements





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# Displacement

210	211.5 cm <sup>3</sup> [12.91 in <sup>3</sup> ]
250	251.7 cm <sup>3</sup> [15.36 in <sup>3</sup> ]

#### A – Rotation

L	Left hand (counter clockwise)
R	Right hand (clockwise)

#### B – Product version

# Z – Port configuration

A	Inch, Customer O-ring port sealing according to ISO 11926-1	

# *D – Controls — Electric Displacement Control (EDC)*

Code	Control type	Voltage	MOR	CCO with key C	DEUTSCH Connector
A2	EDC	12 V	_	_	•
А3	EDC	24 V	_	_	•
A4	EDC	12 V	•	_	•
A5	EDC	24 V	•	_	•
E7	EDC	12 V	_	•	•
E8	EDC	24 V	_	•	•

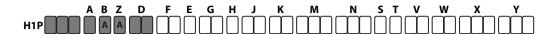
<sup>● –</sup> To be used for the control; — Not to be used for the control

# D – Controls (continued) — Non Feedback Proportional Electric Control (NFPE)

Code	Control type	Voltage	MOR	CCO with key C	Angle sensor	DEUTSCH Connector
N1	NFPE	12 V	•	_	_	•
N2	NFPE	24 V	•	_	_	•
N3	NFPE	12 V	_	•	•	•
N4	NFPE	24 V	_	•	•	•
N5	NFPE	12 V	•	_	•	•
N6	NFPE	24 V	•	_	•	•
N7	NFPE	12 V	_	•	_	•
N8	NFPE	24 V	_	•	_	•

 $\textit{Align with options: } \textbf{E:} \ \text{Displacement limiters and } \textbf{W:} \ \text{Special hardware}.$ 





#### D – Controls — Automotive Control (AC)

Code	AC type	Voltage	MOR	Speed sensor	Wire harness	Angle sensor	DEUTSCH Connector
P6	AC-1	12 V	•	•	•		•
P7	AC-1	24 V	•	•	•		•
P8	AC-2	12 V	•	•	•	•	•
P9	AC-2	24 V	•	•	•	•	•
P5	AC-1	12 V	•	_	_		•
R3	AC-1	24 V	•	_	_	_	•
R4	AC-2	12 V	•	_	_	•	•
R5	AC-2	24 V	•	_	_	•	•

<sup>● –</sup> To be used for the control; — Not to be used for the control

# D – Controls (continued) — Manual Displacement Control (MDC)

Code	Control type	CCO Voltage	ссо	Neutral Start Switch	DEUTSCH Connector
M1	MDC	_	_	_	_
M2	MDC	_	_	•	•
М3	MDC	12 V	•	_	•
M4	MDC	24 V	•	_	•
M5	MDC	12 V	•	•	•
M6	MDC	24 V	•	•	•

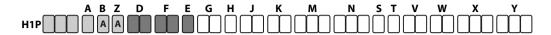
Align with options **F**: Orifices and **Y**: Settings for adjustment (if applicable).

# *D – Controls (continued) — Fan Drive Control (FDC)*

Code	Control type	Voltage	DEUTSCH Connector
F1	FDC	12 V	•
F2	FDC	24 V	•

Align with options: F: Orifices, E: Displacement limiters, M, N: Overpressure protection, and W: Special hardware.





#### F - Orifices

Code	Orifice			Control 1	уре		
	Tank (A+B)	Р	A/B	EDC	MDC	NFPE, AC	FDC
С3				•	•	•	-
<b>C</b> 1	-	-	0.8 mm	•	•	•	-
C2	-	-	1.3 mm	•	•	•	•
C4	-	-	1.8 mm	•	•	•	-
C5	-	-	2.5 mm	-	-	-	-
C6	1.0 mm	-	_	-	•	-	
<b>C7</b>	1.3 mm	-	_	-	•	-	-
D1	0.8 mm	1.0 mm	-	-	•	-	-
D2	0.8 mm	1.3 mm	_	-	•	-	-
D3	1.0 mm	1.3 mm	-	-	•	-	-
D4	1.0 mm	1.3 mm	1.3 mm	-	•	-	-
D5	0.6 mm	0.6 mm	0.8 mm	-	•	-	-
D6	1.3 mm	1.3 mm	_	-	•	-	-

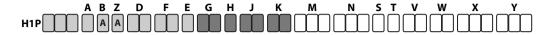
 $lackbox{--}$  to be used for the control; — not to be used for the control

# E – Displacement limiter

N	None	
С	No limiters, with nested springs, required for <b>NFPE, AC, FDC</b> *	
B Adjustable externally		
D Adjustable externally with nested springs, required for NFPE, AC, FDC*		

<sup>\*</sup> Align with option Y: Settings for adjustment (if applicable)





G – Endcap options (Twin port, ISO 6162 split flange ports)

#### Align with options T - Filtration (below) and K - Auxiliary mounting pads:

- ISO 3019-1, flange 82-2 (SAE A, 9 teeth and 11 teeth)
- ISO 3019-1, flange 101-2 (SAE B, 13 teeth and SAE B-B, 15 teeth)
- ISO 3019-1, flange 127-4 (SAE C, 14 teeth)
- ISO 3019-1, flange 152-4 (SAE D, 13 teeth and SAE E, 13 teeth and 27 teeth)
- None

Code	Suction filtration	Remote or external charge supply for full charge flow filtration
D6	•	-
D8	-	

# H – Mounting

С	ISO 3019-1, flange 152–4 (SAE E), 4-bolt.	
E	ISO 3019-1, flange 152–4 (SAE E), 4-bolt and speed sensor.	

Align with: **W** – Special hardware features.

# J – Input shaft

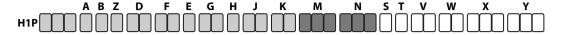
G3	ISO 3019-1, outer Ø44 mm - 4 (13 teeth splined shaft 8/16 pitch)			
G2	ISO 3019-1, outer Ø44 mm - 4 (27 teeth splined shaft 16/32 pitch)			
F8	ISO 3019-1, outer Ø57 mm - 4 (17 teeth splined shaft 8/16 pitch)			

# K – Auxiliary mounting pad

NN	None	
H1	ISO 3019-1, flange 82 - 2, outer Ø19 mm - 4 (SAE A, 11 teeth 16/32 coupling)	
H2	ISO 3019-1, flange 82 - 2, outer Ø16 mm - 4 (SAE A, 9 teeth 16/32 coupling)	
НЗ	ISO 3019-1, flange 101 - 2, outer Ø22 mm - 4 (SAE B, 13 teeth 16/32 coupling)	
H4	ISO 3019-1, flange 152 - 4, outer Ø44 mm - 4 (SAE D, 13 teeth 8/16 coupling)	Chinning cover
Н5	ISO 3019-1, flange 101 - 2, outer Ø25 mm - 4 (SAE B-B, 15 teeth 16/32 coupling)	Shipping cover
Н6	ISO 3019-1, flange 127 - 4, outer Ø32 mm - 4 (SAE C, 14 teeth 12/24 coupling)	
E1	ISO 3019-1, flange 165 - 4, outer Ø44 mm - 4 (SAE E, 13 teeth 8/16 coupling)	
E2	ISO 3019-1, flange 165 - 4, outer Ø44 mm - 4 (SAE E, 27 teeth 16/32 coupling)	

Align with option  $\boldsymbol{\mathsf{G}} :$  Endcap selection.





- M Overpressure protection type, side "A"
- N Overpressure protection type, side "B"

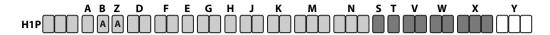
Pressu	Pressure limiter and HPRV with bypass, pressure protection type <u>must be the same</u> for side "A" and "B"				
L <sup>1)</sup>	Pressure limiter setting	HPRV setting			
L20	200 bar [2900 psi]	250 bar [3630 psi]			
L23	230 bar [3336 psi]	280 bar [4061 psi]			
L25	250 bar [3630 psi]	300 bar [4350 psi]			
L28	280 bar [4061 psi]	330 bar [4786 psi]			
L30	300 bar [4350 psi]	350 bar [5076 psi]			
L33	330 bar [4786 psi]	380 bar [5510 psi]			
L35	350 bar [5076 psi]	400 bar [5800 psi]			
L38	380 bar [5510 psi]	420 bar [6090 psi]			
L40	400 bar [5800 psi]	450 bar [6526 psi]			
L42	420 bar [6090 psi]	450 bar [6526 psi]			
L43	430 bar [6237 psi] (	450 bar [6526 psi]			
L44	440 bar [6382 psi] (	450 bar [6526 psi]			
L45	450 bar [6526 psi]	480 bar [6962 psi]			
F01	150 bar [2175 psi]	250 bar [3630 psi]			
F02	150 bar [2175 psi]	300 bar [4350 psi]			
F03	150 bar [2175 psi]	350 bar [5076 psi]			
F04	150 bar [2175 psi]	400 bar [5800 psi]			

High pre	High pressure relief valve with bypass, pressure protection type <u>must be the same</u> for side "A" and "B"		
K <sup>1)</sup>	Pressure setting <sup>2)</sup>		
K20	200 bar [2900 psi]		
K23	230 bar [3336 psi]		
K25	250 bar [3630 psi]		
K28	280 bar [4061 psi]		
К30	300 bar [4350 psi]		
К33	330 bar [4786 psi]		
K35	350 bar [5076 psi]		
К38	380 bar [5510 psi]		
K40	400 bar [5800 psi]		
K42	420 bar [6090 psi]		
K45	450 bar [6526 psi]		

<sup>1)</sup> L – with pressure limiter; K – without pressure limiter; F – setting for FDC.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Please contact Danfoss Power Solutions for pressures not shown or for applied pressure above max. working pressure.





# S – Charge pump

R	52 cm³/rev [3.17 in³/rev]	
W	60 cm³/rev [3.66 in³/rev]	
N	No charge pump, external charge supply (Align with options: <b>E</b> and <b>T</b> )	

# *T – Filtration (Align with option G – Endcap selection)*

L	Suction filtration (see H1P 210/250 suction filtration, option L on page 61)	
P	Remote full charge flow filtration	
E	External charge flow filtration (Align with options: <b>N</b> and <b>S</b> )	

# V – Charge pressure relief setting

18	18 bar [261 psi]	
20	20 bar [290 psi]	New Jones and Japan Japa
22	22 bar [319 psi]	Not to be used for NFPE, AC and FDC controls.
24	24 bar [348 psi]	
26	26 bar [377 psi]	
28	28 bar [406 psi]	
30	30 bar [435 psi]	
32	32 bar [464 psi]	
34	34 bar [493 psi]	

# W – Special hardware features

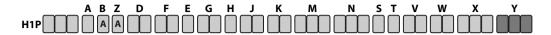
PN	EDC / MDC valve plate
P4	EDC / MDC valve plate with speed ring on the cylinder block (Align with options: <b>D</b> and <b>E</b> )
H1	EDC / MDC valve plate with MDC handle

# X – Paint and nametag

NNN	Black paint and Danfoss nametag
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Y – Special settings (SIL–2 non-certifiable, without customer files)

Code	CAN J1939	ECO fuel saving mode	Functional option	Cruise control	Control	AC type
D3E	in/out	•	Е	-	N1 (12 V <sub>DC</sub> ) N2 (24 V <sub>DC</sub> )	- AC-1
D3F	in/out	-	F	-		
D4E	in/out	•	E	-		
D4F	in/out	-	F	-		
D5F	in/out	-	F	-	P8 (12 V <sub>DC</sub> )	AC–2 with Swash Plate Angle Sensor
D5J	in/out	•	J	•		
D6F	in/out	-	F	-		
D6J	in/out	•	J	•	(24 V <sub>DC</sub> )	
МОО	MDC handle standard position					
NNN	None					

<sup>=</sup> available option= not available option



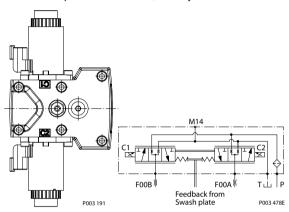
# **Electrical Displacement Control (EDC)**

The Electrical Displacement Control (EDC) consists of a pair of proportional solenoids on each side of a three-position, four-way porting spool. The proportional solenoid applies a force input to the spool, which ports hydraulic pressure to either side of a double acting servo piston.

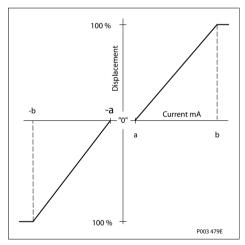
Differential pressure across the servo piston rotates the swashplate, changing the pump's displacement from full displacement in one direction to full displacement in the opposite direction.

Under some circumstances, such as contamination, the control spool could stick and cause the pump to stay at some displacement. A serviceable 125  $\mu m$  screen is located in the supply line immediately before the control porting spool.

Electrical Displacement Control, with hydraulic schematic



Pump displacement vs. control current



# **EDC Control Signal Requirements**

Control minimum current to stroke pump

Voltage	a*	b	Pin connections
12 V	640 mA	1640 mA	any order
24 V	330 mA	820 mA	

Factory test current, for vehicle movement or application actuation expect higher or lower value.





#### Connector ordering data

Description	Quantity	Ordering data
Mating connector	1	DEUTSCH DT06-2S
Wedge lock	1	DEUTSCH W2S
Socket contact (16 and 18 AWG)	2	DEUTSCH 0462-201-16141
Danfoss mating connector kit	1	K29657

#### **EDC Solenoid Data**

Description		12 V	24 V		
Maximum current		1800 mA	920 mA		
Nominal coil resistance	@ 20 °C [68 °F]	3.66 Ω	14.20 Ω		
	@ 80 °C [176 °F]	4.52 Ω	17.52 Ω		
Inductance		33 mH	140 mH		
PWM signal frequency	Range	70 – 200 Hz	70 – 200 Hz		
	Recommended*	200 Hz	200 Hz		
IP Rating IEC 60 529 DIN 40 050, part 9		IP 67	IP 67		
		IP 69K with mating	IP 69K with mating connector		
Connector color		Black	Black		

<sup>\*</sup> PWM signal required for optimum control performance.

### Pump output flow direction vs. control signal

Shaft rotation	CW		ccw	
Coil energized*	C1 C2		C1	C2
Port A	out	in	in	out
Port B	in	out	out	in
Servo port pressurized	M4	M5	M4	M5

<sup>\*</sup> For coil location see Installation drawings.

#### **Control Response**

H1 controls are available with optional control passage orifices to assist in matching the rate of swashplate response to the application requirements (e.g. in the event of electrical failure). The time required for the pump output flow to change from zero to full flow (acceleration) or full flow to zero (deceleration) is a net function of spool porting, orifices, and charge pressure. A swashplate response table is available for each frame indicating available swashplate response times. Testing should be conducted to verify the proper orifice selection for the desired response.

H1 pumps are limited in mechanical orificing combinations. Mechanical servo orifices are to be used only for fail-safe return to neutral in the event of an electrical failure.

#### Typical response times at the following conditions:

Δр	250 bar [3626 psi]
Viscosity and temperature	30 mm <sup>2</sup> /s [141 SUS] and 50 °C [122 °F]

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Typical response times at the following conditions: (continued)

Charge pressure	20 bar [290 psi]
Speed	1800 min <sup>-1</sup> (rpm)

# **EDC Response Time**

Stroking direction	0.8 mm [0.03 in] orifice	1.3 mm [0.05 in] orifice	No orifice
Neutral to full flow	7.4 s	3.5 s	2.1 s
Full flow to neutral	5.0 s	2.4 s	1.4 s



#### **Manual Displacement Control (MDC)**

A Manual proportional Displacement Control (**MDC**) consists of a handle on top of a rotary input shaft. The shaft provides an eccentric connection to a feedback link. This link is connected on its one end with a porting spool. On its other end the link is connected the pumps swashplate.

This design provides a travel feedback without spring. When turning the shaft the spool moves thus providing hydraulic pressure to either side of a double acting servo piston of the pump.

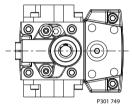
Differential pressure across the servo piston rotates the swash plate, changing the pump's displacement. Simultaneously the swashplate movement is fed back to the control spool providing proportionality between shaft rotation on the control and swashplate rotation.

The MDC changes the pump displacement between no flow and full flow into opposite directions. Under some circumstances, such as contamination, the control spool could stick and cause the pump to stay at some displacement.

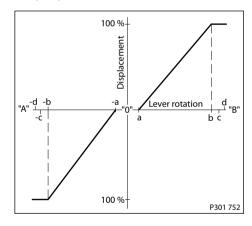
A serviceable 125 µm screen is located in the supply line immediately before the control porting spool.

The MDC is sealed by means of a static O-ring between the actuation system and the control block. Its shaft is sealed by means of a special O-ring which is applied for low friction. The special O-ring is protected from dust, water and aggressive liquids or gases by means of a special lip seal.

Manual Displacement Control



Pump displacement vs. control lever rotation



#### Leaend:

Deadband on **B** side –  $\mathbf{a} = 3^{\circ} \pm 1^{\circ}$ Maximum pump stroke –  $\mathbf{b} = 30^{\circ} + 2/-1^{\circ}$ Required customer end stop –  $\mathbf{c} = 36^{\circ} \pm 3^{\circ}$ Internal end stop –  $\mathbf{d} = 40^{\circ}$ 

#### **MDC General Information**

In difference to other controls the MDC provides a mechanical deadband. This is required to overcome the tolerances in the mechanical actuation.

The MDC contains an internal end stop to prevent over travel. The restoring moment is appropriate for turning the MDC input shaft back to neutral only. Any linkages or cables may prevent the MDC from returning to neutral.



The MDC is designed for a maximum case pressure of 5 bar and a rated case pressure of 3 bar. If the case pressure exceeds 5 bar there is a risk of an insufficient restoring moment. In addition a high case pressure can cause the NSS to indicate that the control is not in neutral. High case pressure may cause excessive

Customers can apply their own handle design but they must care about a robust clamping connection between their handle and the control shaft and avoid overload of the shaft.

Customers can connect two MDC's on a tandem unit in such a way that the actuation force will be transferred from the pilot control to the second control but the kinematic of the linkages must ensure that either control shaft is protected from torque overload. To avoid an overload of the MDC, customers must install any support to limit the setting range of the Bowden cable.



#### Caution

Using the internal spring force on the input shaft is not an appropriate way to return the customer connection linkage to neutral.

#### **MDC Torque**

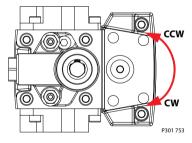
Description	Value
Torque required to move handle to maximum displacement	1.4 N•m [12.39 lbf•in ]
Torque required to hold handle at given displacement	0.6 N•m [5.31 lbf•in]
Maximum allowable input torque	20 N•m [177 lbf•in]



#### Caution

Volumetric efficiencies of the system will have impacts on the start and end input commands.

#### **MDC Shaft Rotation**



#### MDC shaft rotation data

Pump shaft rotation*	Clock Wise (CW)		Counter Clock Wise (CCW)	
MDC shaft rotation	cw	ccw	cw	ccw
Port A	in (low)	out (high)	out (high)	in (low)
Port B	out (high)	in (low)	in (low)	out (high)
Servo port high pressure	M5	M4	M5	M4

As seen from shaft side.

# **Control Response**

H1 controls are available with optional control passage orifices to assist in matching the rate of swashplate response to the application requirements (e.g. in the event of electrical failure). The time required for the pump output flow to change from zero to full flow (acceleration) or full flow to zero (deceleration) is a net function of spool porting, orifices, and charge pressure. A swashplate response table is available for each frame indicating available swashplate response times. Testing should be conducted to verify the proper orifice selection for the desired response.



H1 pumps are limited in mechanical orificing combinations. Mechanical servo orifices are to be used only for fail-safe return to neutral in the event of an electrical failure.

Typical response times at the following conditions:

Δр	250 bar [3626 psi]	
Viscosity and temperature 30 mm <sup>2</sup> /s [141 SUS] and 50 °C [122 °F]		
Charge pressure 20 bar [290 psi]		
Speed	1800 min <sup>-1</sup> (rpm)	

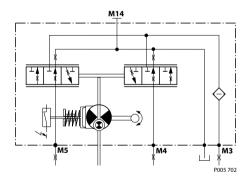
#### **MDC Response Time**

Code	Orifice description (mm)			Stroking direction (sec)		
	Р	A	В	Tank (A+B)	Neutral to full flow	Full flow to neutral
С3		No	orifice		0.9	1.0
C6	-	_	-	1	3.3	2.9
C7	-	-	_	1.3	2.1	1.9
D3	1.3	-	-	1	3.8	3.2
D4	1.3	1.3	1.3	1	4.6	3.8
D6	1.3	-	-	1.3	2.5	2.3

#### **Neutral Start Switch (NSS)**

The Neutral Start Switch (NSS) contains an electrical switch that provides a signal of whether the control is in neutral. The signal in neutral is Normally Closed (NC).

Neutral Start Switch schematic



### Neutral Start Switch data

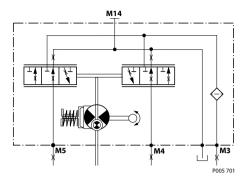
Max. continuous current with switching	8.4 A	
Max. continuous current without switching	20 A	
Max. voltage	36 V <sub>DC</sub>	
Electrical protection class	IP67 / IP69K with mating connector	

# Case Gauge Port M14

The drain port should be used when the control is mounted on the unit's bottom side to flush residual contamination out of the control.



# MDC schematic diagram



# Lever

MDC-controls are available with an integrated lever.

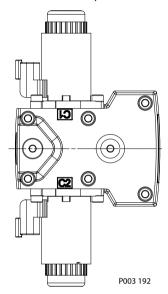


# Non Feedback Proportional Electric Control (NFPE)

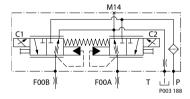
The Non Feedback Proportional Electric (**NFPE**) control is an electrical automotive control in which an electrical input signal activates one of two proportional solenoids that port charge pressure to either side of the pump servo cylinder. The NFPE control has no mechanical feedback mechanism.

A serviceable 170 µm screen is located in the supply line immediately before the control porting spool.

Non Feedback Proportional Electric Control



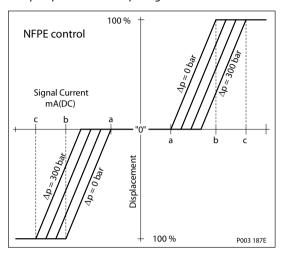
# NFPE schematic



The pump displacement is proportional to the solenoid signal current, but it also depends upon pump input speed and system pressure. This characteristic also provides a power limiting function by reducing the pump swashplate angle as system pressure increases. A typical response characteristic is shown in the accompanying graph. Under some circumstances, such as contamination, the control spool could stick and cause the pump to stay at some displacement.



# Pump displacement vs. input signal



# **NFPE Control Signal Requirements**

#### Control current

Voltage	a*	b	с	Pin connections	
12 V	666 mA	1168 mA	1540 mA	any order	
24 V	320 mA	600 mA	770 mA	- any order	

<sup>\*</sup> Factory test current, for vehicle movement or application actuation expect higher or lower value.



# Connector ordering data

Description	Quantity	Ordering data
Mating connector	1	DEUTSCH DT06-2S
Wedge lock	1	DEUTSCH W2S
Socket contact (16 and 18 AWG)	2	DEUTSCH 0462-201-16141
Danfoss mating connector kit	1	K29657

Description		12 V	24 V	
Maximum current		1800 mA	920 mA	
Nominal coil resistance	@ 20 °C [68 °F]	3.66 Ω	14.20 Ω	
	@ 80 °C [176 °F]	4.52 Ω	17.52 Ω	
Inductance		33 mH	140 mH	
PWM signal frequency	PWM signal frequency Range		70 – 200 Hz	
Recommended*		200 Hz		
IP Rating IEC 60 529		IP 67		
	DIN 40 050, part 9	IP 69K with mating connector		
Connector color		Black		

 $<sup>^{</sup>st}$  PWM signal required for optimum control performance.



# Pump output flow direction vs. control signal

Shaft rotation	CW		ccw	
Coil energized*	C1	C2	C1	C2
Port A	in	out	out	in
Port B	out	in	in	out
Servo port pressurized	M5	M4	M5	M4

<sup>\*</sup> For coil location see Installation drawings.



# **Control Response**

H1 controls are available with optional control passage orifices to assist in matching the rate of swashplate response to the application requirements (e.g. in the event of electrical failure). The time required for the pump output flow to change from zero to full flow (acceleration) or full flow to zero (deceleration) is a net function of spool porting, orifices, and charge pressure. A swashplate response table is available for each frame indicating available swashplate response times. Testing should be conducted to verify the proper orifice selection for the desired response.

H1 pumps are limited in mechanical orificing combinations. Mechanical servo orifices are to be used only for fail-safe return to neutral in the event of an electrical failure.

*Typical response times at the following conditions:* 

Δр	250 bar [3626 psi]
Viscosity and temperature	30 mm <sup>2</sup> /s [141 SUS] and 50 °C [122 °F]
Charge pressure	20 bar [290 psi]
Speed	1800 min <sup>-1</sup> (rpm)

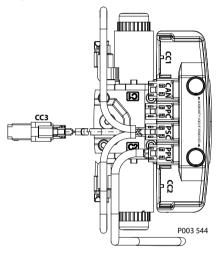
# **NFPE Response Time**

Stroking direction	0.8 [0.03] orifice	1.3 [0.05] orifice	No orifice
Neutral to full flow	9.6 s	3.7 s	1.1 s
Full flow to neutral	5.9 s	2.5 s	0.6 s



#### **Automotive Control (AC)**

The H1 **A**utomotive **C**ontrol (AC) is an electric NFPE Control with an integrated microcontroller, installed on the pump. The integrated microcontroller enhanced control performance with a flexible, configurable control scheme for an entire single path propel transmission. It can be used in combination with fixed and variable displacement hydraulic-motors. With the pre-installed application software and easily changeable control parameters, it is possible to tailor the vehicle's driving behavior to the individual requirements of the customer.



The H1 Automotive Control is divided into 2 systems:

- AC-1
- AC-2

AC-2 is an extension of AC-1 that features an integrated pump swash plate angle sensor and software enabled functions such as Swash Plate Control.

### **Mode types**

The application software provides 3 different hydrostatic propel methods, defined as mode types, which can be used individually.

- Automotive Load dependent (torque controlled) driving behavior. Setpoint for the drive curve is the engine rpm.
- **Non-Automotive Load independent** (speed controlled) driving mode. Setpoint for the drive curve is a Joystick or drive pedal signal, independent of the engine rpm. The best performance will achieved with an AC-2 Swash Plate Angle Sensor.
- **Creep-Automotive Load dependent** (torque controlled) driving behavior (like Automotive). Setpoint for the drive curve is the engine rpm. The setpoint can be reduced by the creep potentiometer if a high engine rpm in combination with low vehicle speed is needed.

#### **Basic functions**

- Four selectable system modes, selectable via switch.
- Individual settings for forward and reverse driving direction (4 x 2 curves).
- Independent pump and hydraulic-motor profiling and ramping for each mode.
- Electric drive pedal connection
- Electronic inching function without separate control valve
- · Electric creep mode potentiometer



- Configurable System Mode & Direction change
- Load independent pump displacement control with integrated Swash Plate Angle Sensor (AC-2)
- · Hydraulic-motor displacement control including brake pressure defeat function

#### **Performance functions**

- ECO fuel saving mode with automatic reduction of the engine speed during transport (Cruise control)
- Vehicle constant speed drive control
- Vehicle speed limitation
- Dynamic brake light, automatic park brake, reverse buzzer and status LED outputs
- Vehicle speed controlled output function.
- Temperature compensation for predictable performance
- Advanced CAN J1939 interface for the information exchange with the vehicle control system

#### **Protection and safety functions**

- Safety controlled vehicle start protection with engine speed check, battery check and FNR must be in neutral, etc..
- Operator presence detection
- Hydraulic system overheat and low-temperature protection
- Hydraulic motor over speed protection
- Park brake test mode for roller applications to fulfill SAE J1472 / EN500-4.
- SIL2 compliant

#### **Engine control and protection**

- CAN J1939 engine interface
- Engine speed control via drive pedal with safety controlled monitoring function
- · Engine antistall protection
- Engine over speed protection during inching
- · Engine speed dependent Retarder control
- Engine cold start protection

#### **Installation features**

- Factory calibration for hysteresis compensation.
- Starting current adjustment in the factory
- Pre-installed application software and parameter files

For more information, see Automotive Control for H1 SIngle Pumps Technical Information, BC00000213.

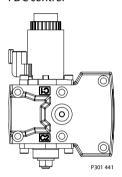


#### Fan Drive Control (FDC)

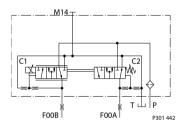
The Fan Drive Control (**FDC**) is a non-feedback control in which an electrical input signal activates the proportional solenoid that ports charge pressure to either side of the pump servo cylinder. The single proportional solenoid is used to control pump displacement in the forward or reverse direction. The control spool is spring biased to produce maximum forward pump displacement in the absence of an electrical input signal. Based on the spring bias spool default forward flow for a CW rotation pump is out of Port B while default forward flow for a CCW rotation pump is out of Port A.

The pump displacement is proportional to the solenoid signal current, but it also depends upon pump input speed and system pressure. This characterisistic also provides a power limiting function by reducing the pump swashplate angle as sytem pressure increases. The pump should be configured with 0.8 mm control orifices to provide slowest response and maximize system stability. Additionally pressure limiter (PL) valves are used to limit maximum fan trim speed in both (forward and reverse) directions.

#### FDC control



#### FDC hydraulic schematic



H1 pumps with FDC will be delivered from factory with nominal PL setting of 150 bar [2175 psi]. The PL must be re-adjusted to ensure that the fan reaches the desired fan speed to satisfy the cooling needs of the system. HPRV setting must be always at least 30 bar [435 psi] higher than PL setting.

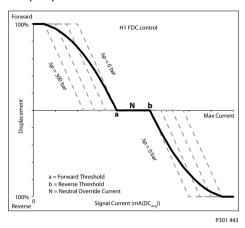
Under some circumstances, such as contamination, the control spool could stick and cause the pump to stay at some displacement.

For more information necessary to properly size and configure a hydraulic fan drive system, see *Hydraulic Fan Drive Design Guidelines* **AB00000019**.

Use in other systems could result in unintended movement of the machine or it's elements. Loss of the input signal to this control will cause the pump to produce maximum flow. The FDC is for Fan Drive systems only!



# Pump displacement vs. control current



# **FDC Control Signal Requirements**

#### Control current

Voltage	a*	N	b*	Pin Config
12 V	780 mA	1100 mA	1300 mA	any order
24 V	400 mA	550 mA	680 mA	arry order

<sup>\*</sup> Factory test current, for fan movement expect higher or lower value.



# Connector ordering data

Description	Quantity	Ordering data
Mating connector	1	DEUTSCH DT06-2S
Wedge lock	1	DEUTSCH W2S
Socket contact (16 and 18 AWG)	2	DEUTSCH 0462-201-16141
Danfoss mating connector kit	1	K29657

Description		12 V	24 V
Maximum current		1800 mA	920 mA
Nominal coil resistance	@ 20 °C [68 °F]	3.66 Ω	14.20 Ω
	@ 80 °C [176 °F]	4.52 Ω	17.52 Ω
Inductance		33 mH	140 mH
PWM signal frequency	Range	70 – 200 Hz	
	Recommended*	200 Hz	
IP Rating	IEC 60 529	IP 67	
	DIN 40 050, part 9	IP 69K with mating connector	
Connector color		Black	

 $<sup>^{</sup>st}$  PWM signal required for optimum control performance.



Pump output flow direction vs. control signal

Shaft rotation		cw			ccw		
Control Logic	12 V	0-780 mA	1100 mA	1300-1800 mA	0-780 mA	1100 mA	1300-1800 mA
	24 V	0-400 mA	550 mA	680-920 mA	0-400 mA	550 mA	680-920 mA
Port A		in	no flow	out	out	no flow	in
Port B		out	no flow	in	in	no flow	out
Servo port pressur	ized	M5	n/a	M4	M5	n/a	M4

# Warning

Loss of input signal to the control will cause the pump to produce maximum flow.

#### **Control Response**

H1 controls are available with optional control passage orifices to assist in matching the rate of swashplate response to the application requirements (e.g. in the event of electrical failure). The time required for the pump output flow to change from zero to full flow (acceleration) or full flow to zero (deceleration) is a net function of spool porting, orifices, and charge pressure. A swashplate response table is available for each frame indicating available swashplate response times. Testing should be conducted to verify the proper orifice selection for the desired response.

H1 pumps are limited in mechanical orificing combinations. Mechanical servo orifices are to be used only for fail-safe return to neutral in the event of an electrical failure.

Typical response times at the following conditions:

Δр	250 bar [3626 psi]
Viscosity and temperature	30 mm <sup>2</sup> /s [141 SUS] and 50 °C [122 °F]
Charge pressure	20 bar [290 psi]
Speed	1800 min <sup>-1</sup> (rpm)

#### **FDC Response Time**

Stroking direction	0.8 mm [0.03 in] orifice
Full flow to neutral	3.9 s
Full forward flow to full reverse flow	5.6 s

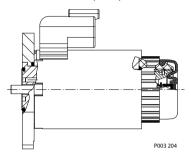


# Manual Over Ride (MOR)

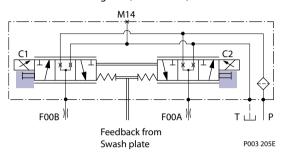
All controls are available with a Manual Over Ride (MOR) either standard or as an option for temporary actuation of the control to aid in diagnostics.

Forward-Neutral-Reverse (FNR) and Non Feedback Proportional Electric (NFPE) controls are always supplied with MOR functionality.

#### Manual OverRide (MOR)



#### MOR schematic diagram (EDC shown)



Unintended MOR operation will cause the pump to go into stroke. The vehicle or device must always be in a "safe" condition (i.e. vehicle lifted off the ground) when using the MOR function.

The MOR plunger has a 4 mm diameter and must be manually depressed to be engaged. Depressing the plunger mechanically moves the control spool which allows the pump to go on stroke.

The MOR should be engaged anticipating a full stroke response from the pump.



### Warning

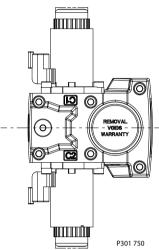
An o-ring seal is used to seal the MOR plunger where initial actuation of the function will require a force of 45 N to engage the plunger. Additional actuations typically require less force to engage the MOR plunger. Proportional control of the pump using the MOR should not be expected.

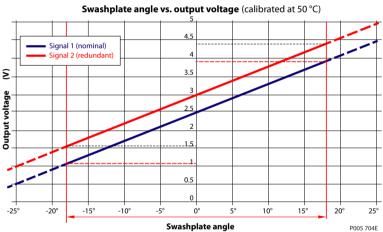
Refer to control flow table for the relationship of solenoid to direction of flow.



# Swash plate angle sensor for NFPE and AC2 controls

The angle sensor detects the swash plate angle position and direction of rotation from the zero position. The swash angle sensor works on the AMR sensing technology. Under the saturated magnetic field, the resistance of the element varies with the magnetic field direction. The output signal give a linear output voltage for the various magnet positions in the sensing range. The swashplate angle sensor is available for all NFPE and AC2 controls.





#### **Swash Plate Angle Sensor Parameters**

Parameter	Minimum	Typical	Maximum
Supply voltage range	4.75 V	5 V	5.25 V
Supply protection	-	-	28 V
Supply current	-	22 mA	25 mA
Output current (Signal 1, 2)	-	0.1 mA	_
Short circuit output current to supply or GND <sup>1)</sup>	_	-	7.5 mA
Sensitivity	70.0 mV/deg	78.0 mV/deg	85.8 mV/deg
Working range (swashplate angle)	-18°C	0°C	18°C
Correlation between signals 1 and 2 <sup>2)</sup>	475 mV	500 mV	525 mV

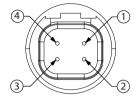
<sup>1)</sup> Up to duration of 2.5 seconds at 25°C

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Signal 1 (nominal) is lower than signal 2 (redundant)



# Swash plate angle sensor connector

# Pin assignment



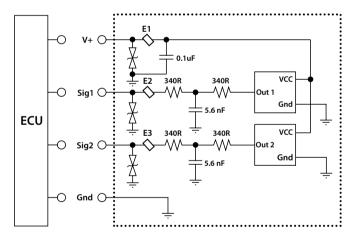
- 1. Ground (GND)
- 2. Output Signal 2 (SIG2) Secondary (redundant)
- 3. Output Signal 1 (SIG1) Primary (nominal)
- 4. Supply (V+)

Swash angle sensor connector order numbers

Description	Quantity	Ordering number
Mating connector DEUTSCH DTM06-4S-E004	1	11105824
Wedge lock DEUTSCH W4S	1	11084558
Socket contact (16-18 AWG)DEUTSCH 0462-201-16141	2	K02325

# Interface with ECU

Interface with ECU schematic



Minimum recommended load resistance is 100 k $\Omega$ .



# Control-Cut-Off valve (CCO valve)

The H1 pump offers an optional control cut off valve integrated into the control. This valve will block charge pressure to the control, allowing the servo springs to de-stroke both pumps regardless of the pump's primary control input. There is also a hydraulic logic port, X7, which can be used to control other machine functions, such as spring applied pressure release brakes. The pressure at X7 is controlled by the control cut off solenoid. The X7 port would remain plugged if not needed.

In the normal (de-energized) state of the solenoid charge flow is prevented from reaching the controls. At the same time the control passages and the X7 logic port are connected and drained to the pump case. The pump will remain in neutral, or return to neutral, independent of the control input signal. Return to neutral time will be dependent on oil viscosity, pump speed, swashplate angle, and system pressure.

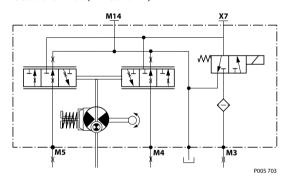
When the solenoid is energized, charge flow and pressure is allowed to reach the pump control. The X7 logic port will also be connected to charge pressure and flow.

The solenoid control is intended to be independent of the primary pump control making the control cut off an override control feature. It is however recommended that the control logic of the CCO valve be maintained such that the primary pump control signal is also disabled whenever the CCO valve is deenergized. Other control logic conditions may also be considered.

All EDC and MDC controls are available with a CCO valve. The CCO-valve is available with  $12\,\mathrm{V}$  or  $24\,\mathrm{V}$  solenoid.

The response time of the unit depends on the control type and the used control orifices.

#### CCO schematic (MDC shown)



#### **CCO** connector



#### Connector ordering data

Description	Quantity	Ordering number
Mating connector	1	DEUTSCH DT06-2S
Wedge lock	1	DEUTSCH W2S
Socket contact (16 and 18 AWG)	2	DEUTSCH 0462-201-16141

#### CCO solenoid data

Nominal supply voltage		12 V	24 V
Supply voltage	Maximum	14.6 V	29 V
	Minimum	9.5 V	19 V
Nominal coil resistance at 20°C		10.7 Ω	41.7 Ω



# **Control Options**

Nominal supply voltage		12 V	24 V
Supply current	Maximum	850 mA	430 mA
	Minimum	580 mA	300 mA
PWM frequency	Range	50-200 Hz	50-200 Hz
	Preferred	100 Hz	100 Hz
Electrical protection class		IP67 / IP69K with mating connector	
Bi-directional diode cut off voltage		28 V	53 V

# Brake gauge port with MDC



## Caution

It is not recommended to use brake port for any external flow consumption to avoid malfunction of CCO function.

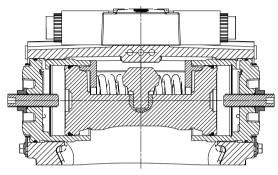


### **Control Options**

## **Displacement limiter**

H1 pumps are designed with optional mechanical displacement (stroke) limiters factory set to max. displacement. The maximum displacement of the pump can be set independently for forward and reverse using the two adjustment screws to mechanically limit the travel of the servo piston down to 50 % displacement.

Adjustments under operating conditions may cause leakage. The adjustment screw can be completely removed from the threaded bore if backed out to far.



P003 266

### H1P 210/250 Displacement Change (Approximately)

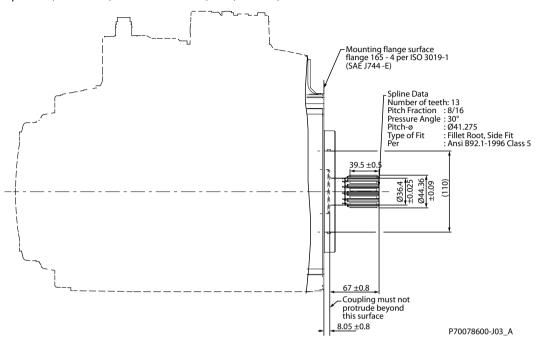
Parameter	Size 210	Size 250
1 Turn of displacement limiter screw		
Internal wrench size		
External wrench size		
Torque for external hex seal lock nut		

For more information, see *H1 Axial Piston Pumps, Service Manual,* **AX00000087**, the section "Displacement Limiter Adjustment".



## H1P input shaft, option G3 (SAE E, 13 teeth)

Option G3, ISO 3019-1, outer dia 44 mm-4 (SAE E, 13 teeth)



#### **Specifications**

Outlan		G3
Option		43
Spline		13 teeth, 8/16 pitch
Min. active spline length <sup>1)</sup>		39.5 mm [1.555 in]
Torque rating <sup>2)</sup>	Rated	1442 N·m [12 800 lbf·in]
	Maximum	2206 N•m [19 500 lbf•in]

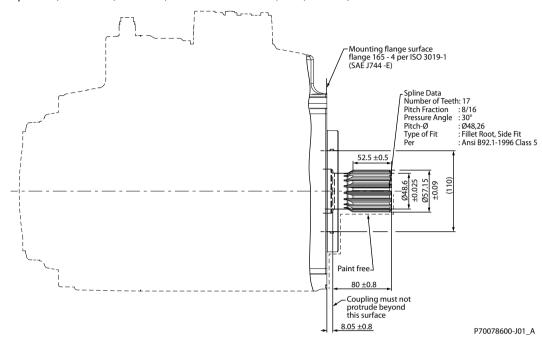
<sup>1)</sup> Minimum active spline length for the specified torque ratings.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> For definitions of maximum and rated torque values, refer to *Basic Information* **11062168**, section Shaft Torque Ratings and Spline Lubrication.



## H1P input shaft, option F8 (SAE E, 17 teeth)

Option F8, ISO 3019-1, code 44-3, outer dia 57.15 mm-4 (SAE E, 17 teeth)



### Specifications

Option		F8
Spline		17 teeth, 8/16 pitch
Min. active spline length <sup>1)</sup>		52.5 mm [2.067 in]
Torque rating <sup>2)</sup>	Rated	3226 N•m [28 553 lbf•in]
	Maximum	5946 N•m [52 627 lbf•in]

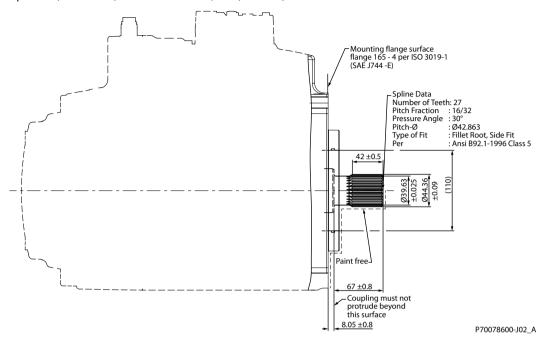
<sup>1)</sup> Minimum active spline length for the specified torque ratings.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> For definitions of maximum and rated torque values, refer to *Basic Information* **11062168**, section Shaft Torque Ratings and Spline Lubrication.



## H1P input shaft, option G2 (SAE E, 27 teeth)

Option G2, ISO 3019-1, outer dia 44 mm-4 (SAE E, 27 teeth)



#### Specifications

Option		G2
Spline		27 teeth, 16/32 pitch
Min. active spline length <sup>1)</sup>		42.0 mm [1.654 in]
Torque rating <sup>2)</sup>	Rated	1615 N•m [14 300 lbf•in]
	Maximum	3000 N·m [26 550 lbf·in]

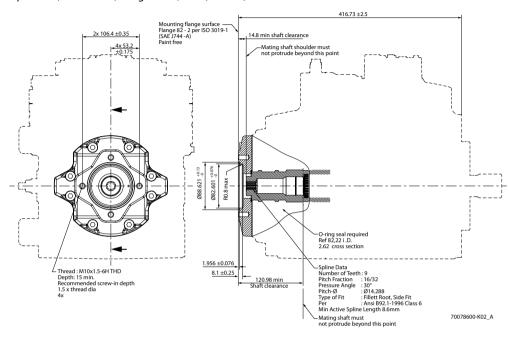
<sup>1)</sup> Minimum active spline length for the specified torque ratings.

 $<sup>^{2)}</sup>$  For definitions of maximum and rated torque values, refer to Basic Information **11062168**, section Shaft Torque Ratings and Spline Lubrication.



## H1P 210/250 Auxiliary mounting, option H2 (SAE A, 9 teeth)

Option H2, ISO 3019-1, flange 82-2 (SAE A, 9 teeth)



### Specifications

Option	H2
Spline	9 teeth, 16/32 pitch
Maximum torque <sup>1)</sup>	162 N·m [1430 lbf·in]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1)</sup> For definitions of maximum and rated torque values, refer to *Basic Information* **11062168**, section Shaft Torque Ratings and Spline Lubrication.

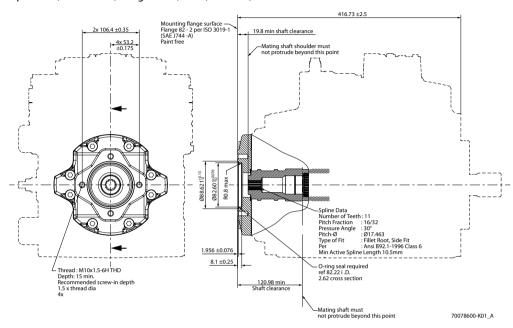


#### Caution



## H1P 210/250 Auxiliary mounting, option H1 (SAE A, 11 teeth)

Option H1, ISO 3019-1, flange 82-2 (SAE A, 11 teeth)



#### Specifications

Option	H1
Spline	11 teeth, 16/32 pitch
Maximum torque <sup>1)</sup>	296 N•m [2620 lbf•in]

<sup>1)</sup> For definitions of maximum and rated torque values, refer to *Basic Information* **11062168**, section Shaft Torque Ratings and Spline Lubrication.

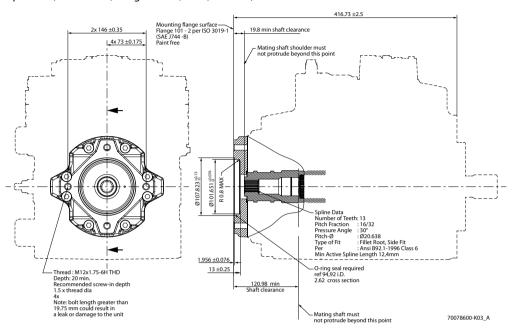


### Caution



## H1P 210/250 Auxiliary mounting, option H3 (SAE B, 13 teeth)

Option H3, ISO 3019-1, flange 101-2 (SAE B, 13 teeth)



### Specifications

Option	Н3
Spline	13 teeth, 16/32 pitch
Maximum torque <sup>1)</sup>	395 N·m [3500 lbf·in]

<sup>1)</sup> For definitions of maximum and rated torque values, refer to *Basic Information* **11062168**, section Shaft Torque Ratings and Spline Lubrication.

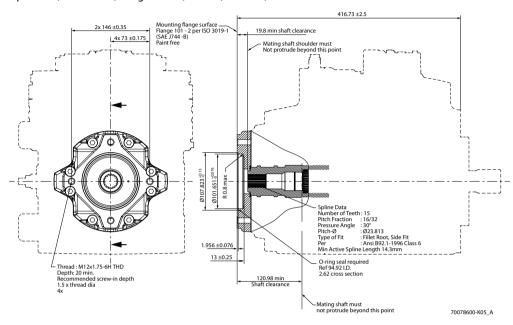


## Caution



## H1P 210/250 Auxiliary mounting, option H5 (SAE B-B, 15 teeth)

Option H5, ISO 3019-1, flange 101-2 (SAE B-B, 15 teeth)



#### **Specifications**

Option	Н5
Spline	15 teeth, 16/32 pitch
Maximum torque <sup>1)</sup>	693 N·m [6130 lbf·in]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1)</sup> For definitions of maximum and rated torque values, refer to *Basic Information* **11062168**, section Shaft Torque Ratings and Spline Lubrication.

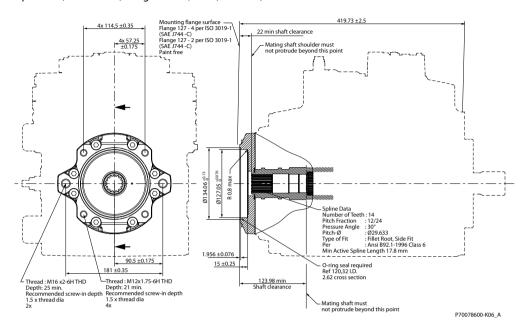


### Caution



## H1P 210/250 Auxiliary mounting, option H6 (SAE C, 14 teeth)

Option H6, ISO 3019-1, flange 127-4 (SAE C, 14 teeth)



### Specifications

Option	H6
Spline	14 teeth, 12/24 pitch
Maximum torque <sup>1)</sup>	816 N•m [7220 lbf•in]

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1)</sup> For definitions of maximum and rated torque values, refer to *Basic Information* **11062168**, section Shaft Torque Ratings and Spline Lubrication.

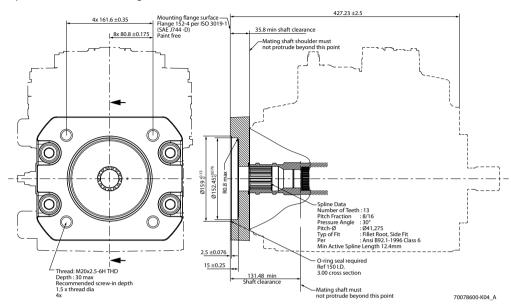


#### **Caution**



## H1P 210/250 Auxiliary mounting, option H4 (SAE D, 13 teeth)

Option H4, ISO 3019-1, flange 152-4 (SAE D, 13 teeth)



#### **Specifications**

Option	H4
Spline	13 teeth, 8/16 pitch
Maximum torque <sup>1)</sup>	2206 N•m [19 525 lbf•in]

<sup>1)</sup> For definitions of maximum and rated torque values, refer to Basic Information 11062168, section Shaft Torque Ratings and Spline Lubrication.

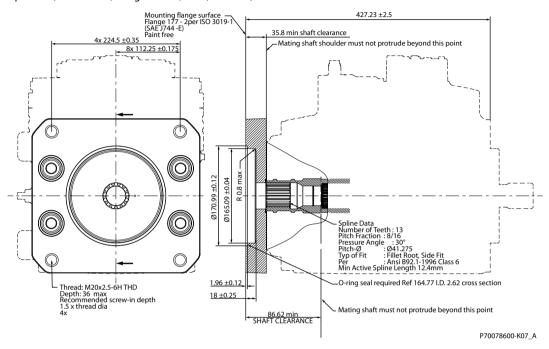


## Caution



## H1P 210/250 Auxiliary mounting, option E1 (SAE E, 13 teeth)

Option E1, ISO 3019-1, flange 165-4 (SAE E, 13 teeth)



#### **Specifications**

Option	E1
Spline	13 teeth, 8/16 pitch
Maximum torque <sup>1)</sup>	2206 N·m [19 525 lbf·in]

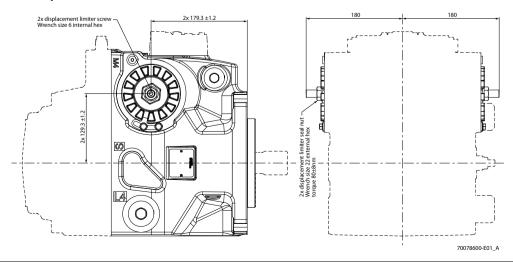
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1)</sup> For definitions of maximum and rated torque values, refer to *Basic Information* **11062168**, section Shaft Torque Ratings and Spline Lubrication.



## Caution

Standard pad cover is installed only to retain coupling during shipping. Do not operate pump without an auxiliary pump or running cover installed.

#### H1P 210/250 displacement limiter, option B

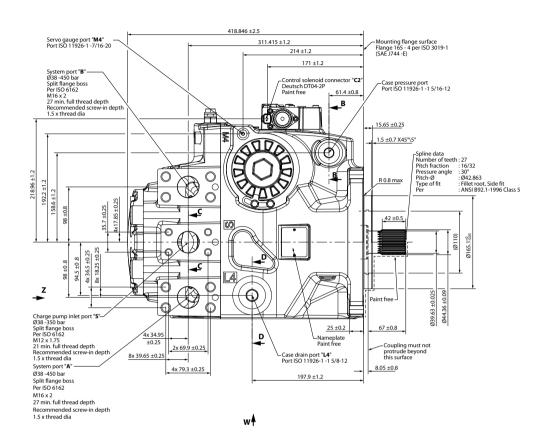


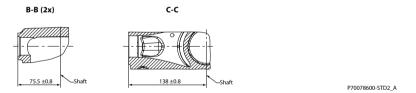




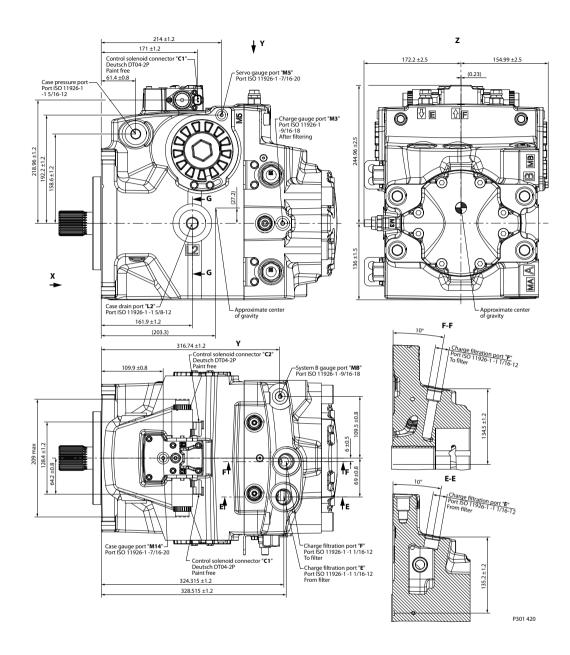


#### Dimensions H1P 210/250

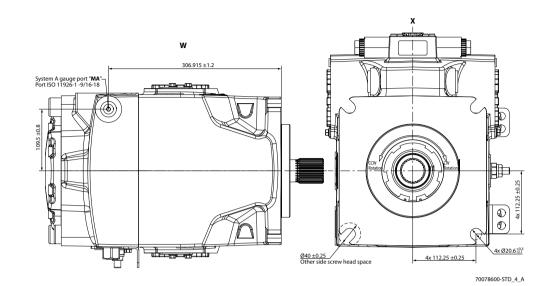






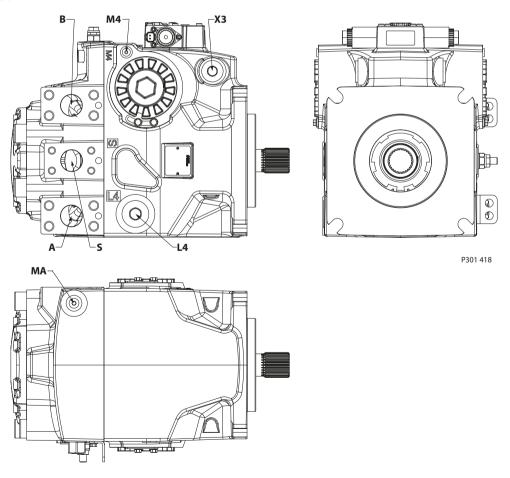






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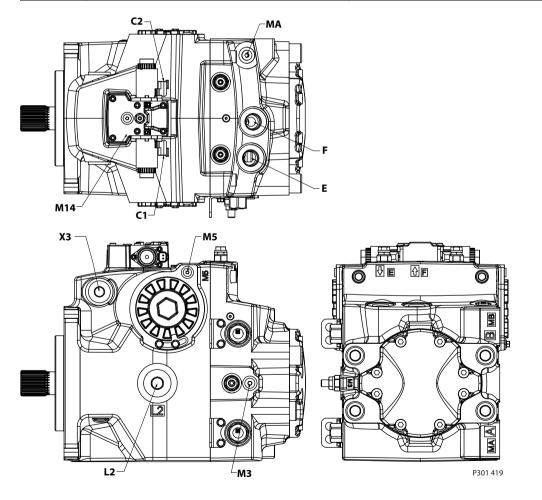
## Port description H1P 210/250





## Ports description

Port	Description	Size 210/250
A, B	System ports <b>A</b> and <b>B</b> Split flange boss per ISO 6162	Ø38 mm; 450 bar; M16 x 2; 27 min. full thread depth; Recommended screw in depth 1.5 x thread dia
S	Charge pump inlet port Split flange boss per ISO 6162	Ø38; 350 bar; M12 x 1.75 21 min. full thread depth Recommended screw-in depth 1.5 x thread dia
МЗ	Charge gauge port ISO 11926-1, after filtering	9⁄ <sub>16</sub> –18
L4	Case drain port ISO 11926-1 15%-12	
MA	System <b>A</b> gauge port ISO 11926-1 9/ <sub>16</sub> -18	
M4	Servo gauge port ISO 11926-1	<sup>7</sup> / <sub>16</sub> –20
Х3	Case pressure port ISO 11926-1	1 <sup>5</sup> ⁄ <sub>16</sub> –12



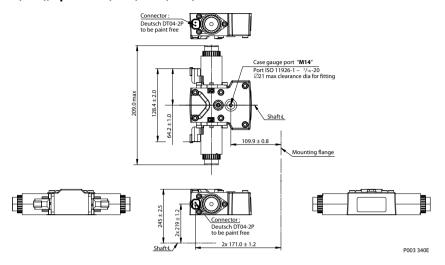


## Ports description

Port	Description	Size 210/250
E, F	Charge filtration port ISO 11926-1 From filter (E) / To filter (F)	1 ½ <sub>16</sub> –12
МЗ	Charge gauge port ISO 11926-1, after filtering	% <sub>16</sub> –18
L2	Case drain port ISO 11926-1	15%-12
MA	System <b>A</b> gauge port ISO 11926-1	<sup>9</sup> / <sub>16</sub> –18
M5	Servo gauge port ISO 11926-1	<sup>7</sup> / <sub>16</sub> –20
M14	Case gauge port ISO 11926-1	<sup>7</sup> / <sub>8</sub> –14
Х3	Case pressure port ISO 11926-1	1 <sup>5</sup> / <sub>16</sub> –12

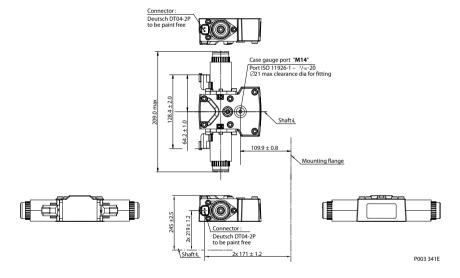


## Electric Displacement Control (EDC), option A2 (12 V) / A3 (24 V)



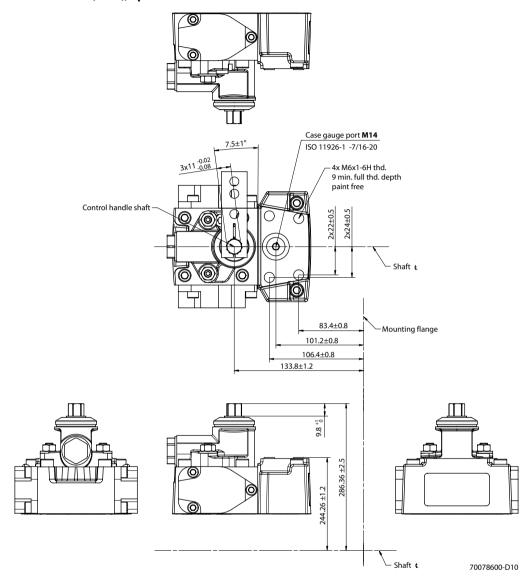
Please contact Danfoss representative for specific installation drawings.

### Electric Displacement Control (EDC) with MOR, option A4 (12 V) / A5 (24 V)



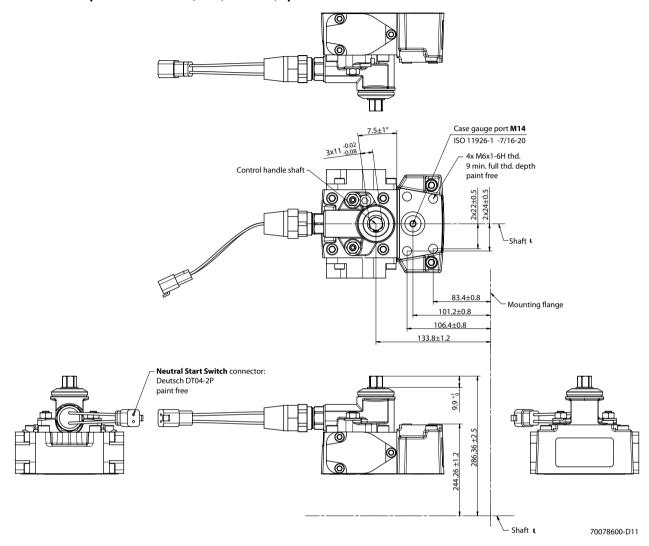


# H1P 210/250 Manual Displacement Control (MDC), option M1





# H1P 210/250 Manual Displacement Control (MDC) with NSS, option M2

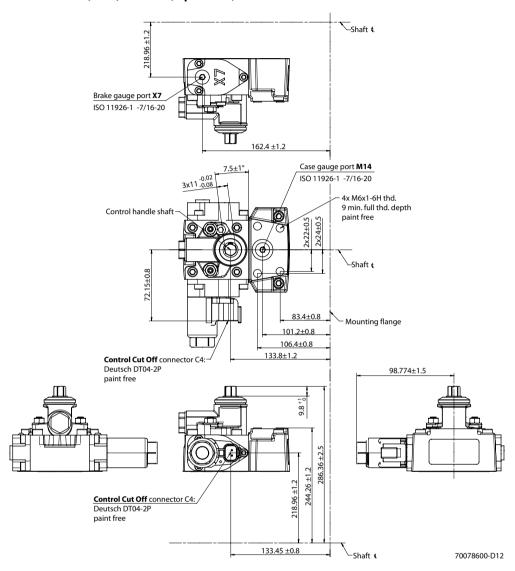


#### **Neutral Start Switch connector:**

Pin	Assignment		Pin	Assignment
1	Supply	OR	1	Ground
2	Ground		2	Supply



# H1P 210/250 Manual Displacement Control (MDC) with CCO, option M3, M4

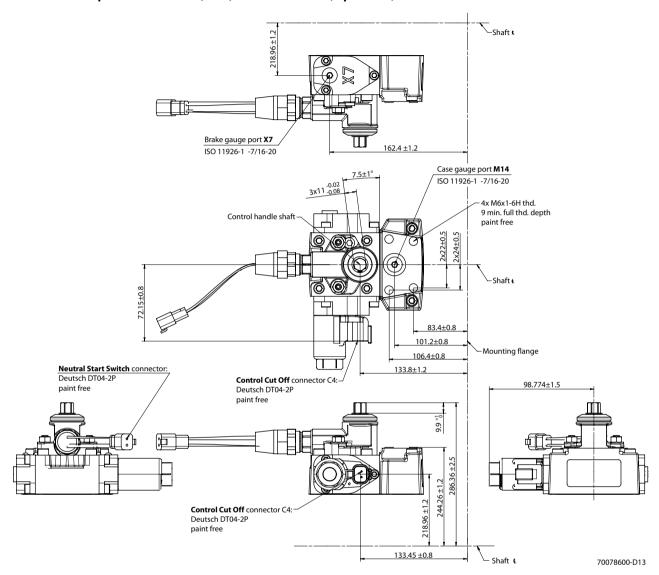


### Control Cut Off connector C4:

Pin	Assignment		Pin	Assignment
1	Supply	OR	1	Ground
2	Ground		2	Supply



# H1P 210/250 Manual Displacement Control (MDC) with NSS and CCO, option M5, M6

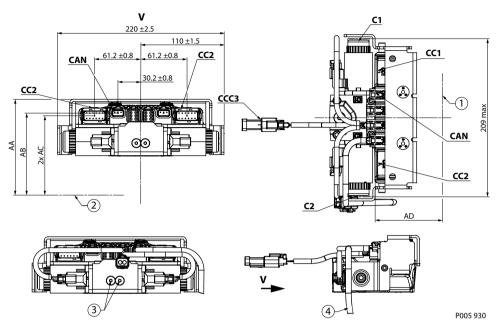


## Neutral Start Switch connector / Control Cut Off connector C4:

Pin	Assignment		Pin	Assignment
1	Supply	OR	1	Ground
2	Ground		2	Supply



# **Automotive Control (AC) Dimensions**



- 1. Mounting flange
- 2. Shaft
- 3. Plug removing can cause contamination issues
- **4.** PPU wire harness is factory installed to speed sensor

### Dimensions, (mm)

Callout	Value
AA	274.96 ±2.5
АВ	257.6±1.2
AC	2x 253.1 ±1.2
AD	121.9±1.2

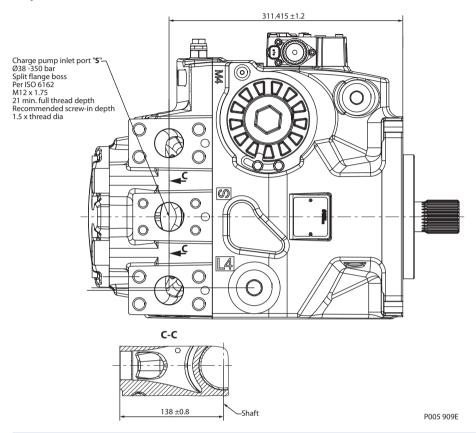
## Connectors description

Port	Description
C1 C2	Control MOR; Depressing the plunger mechanically moves the control spool. Actuation allows full stroke pump response as per coil and rotation dependent control logic.
CC1	Control connector Deutsch DTM04-12P -A; Paint free
CC2	Control connector Deutsch DTM04-12P -B; Paint free
СССЗ	Control connector Deutsch DT06-2S; Paint free; For using connector the plug may be removed.
CAN	Control connector Deutsch DTM04-3P; Paint free; For using connector the plug may be removed.



### **Filtration**

# H1P 210/250 suction filtration, option L



Please contact Danfoss for specific installation drawings.













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